PDHW

Hot Water - Gasoline Powered - Diesel/Oil Heated



Operator's Manual

Pressure Washer

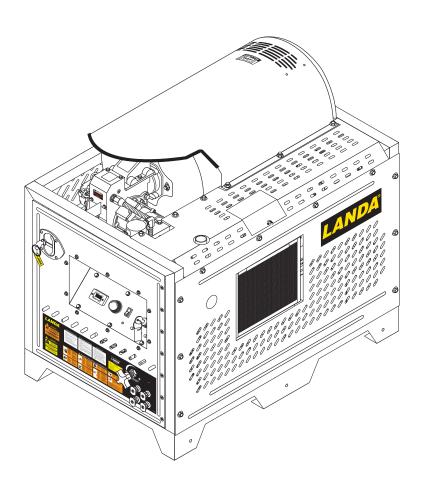
MODELS: PDHW5-35624E

1.110-060.0

PDHW5-35624E/SS 1.110-061.0

PDHW5-35624E/G 1.110-062.0

PDHW5-35624E/G/SS 1.110-063.0



For the Landa Dealer nearest you, consult our web page at www.landa.com









8.919-980.0 - D

12/13/19

Model:	
Date of Purchase:	
Serial Number:	
Dealer:	
Address:	
Phone Number:	
Sales Representative:	

Identification of Operational Label Symbols



Hour Meter



Low Oil

When the light is on, it means check the oil level. Add oil if needed.



Pump Switch



Battery Is Not Charging

When the light is on, it means check battery and/or charging system.



Burner Switch



Steam Combination



Detergent



Voltage

When the light is on, it means power supply is on



Temperature

When the light is on, it means the engine is overheating. Turn machine off and perform maintenance.



Glow Plug

When the light is on the engine is being pre-heated. When the light turns off the engine can be started.

Not all machines have all symbols

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How To Use This Manual

This manual contains the following sections:

- How to Use This Manual
- Safety
- Operations
- Maintenance

The HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL section will tell you how to find important information for ordering correct repair parts.

Parts may be ordered from authorized dealers. When placing an order for parts, the machine model and machine serial number are important. Refer to the MACHINE DATA box which is filled out during the installation of your machine. The MACHINE DATA box is located on the inside of the front cover of this manual.

$\overline{}$		
	Model:	.)
	Date of Purchase:	.
	Serial Number:	.
	Dealer:	.
	Address:	.
	Phone Number:	.
	Sales Representative:	.

The model and serial number will be found on a decal attached to the machine.

The SAFETY section contains important information regarding hazardous or unsafe practices of the machine. Levels of hazards are identified that could result in product damage, personal injury, or severe injury resulting in death.

The OPERATIONS section is to familiarize the operator with the operation and function of the machine.

The MAINTENANCE section contains preventive maintenance to keep the machine and its components in good working condition. They are listed in this general order:

- Maintenance & Service
- Unloader Valves
- Winterizing Procedure
- High Limit Hot Water Thermostat
- Pumps
- Cleaning Of Coils
- Rupture Disk
- Fuel
- Fuel Control System
- Fuel Quality / Storage
- Electrode Setting
- Burner Nozzle
- · Landa Sure Fire Oil Burner
- Coil Removal
- Troubleshooting

NOTE: The manual part number is located on the lower right corner of the front cover.

Thank you for purchasing this Pressure Washer.

We reserve the right to make changes at any time without incurring any obligation.

Owner/User Responsibility:

The owner and/or user must have an understanding of the manufacturer's operating instructions and warnings before using this pressure washer. Warning information should be emphasized and understood. If the operator is not fluent in English, the manufacturer's instructions and warnings shall be read to and discussed with the operator in the operator's native language by the purchaser/owner, making sure that the operator comprehends its contents.

Owner and/or user must study and maintain for future reference the manufacturers' instructions.

The operator must know how to stop the machine quickly and understand the operation of all controls. Never permit anyone to operate the engine without proper instructions.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

This manual should be considered a permanent part of the machine and should remain with it if machine is resold.

When ordering parts, please specify model and serial number. Use only identical replacement parts.

This machine to be used only by trained operators.

Important Safety Information



WARNING: To reduce the risk of injury, read operating instructions carefully before using.

AVERTISSEMENT: Pour réduire le risque de blessures, lire attentivement les instructions de fonctionnement avant l'utilisation

1. Read this owner's manual and engine manual thoroughly.

Failure to follow instructions could cause malfunction of machine and result in death, serious bodily injury and/or property damage.

- 2. Know how to stop the machine and bleed pressure quickly. Be thoroughly familiar with the controls.
- 3. Stay alert watch what you are doing.



WARNING: Keep wand, hose, and water spray away from electric wiring or fatal electric shock may result.

AVERTISSEMENT: Garder la lance, le boyau et le jet d'eau à l'écart de tout câblage électrique ou des chocs électriques mortels pourraient survenir

4. All installations must comply with local codes. Contact your electrician, plumber, utility company or the selling distributor for specific details.



WARNING: This machine exceeds 85 db appropriate ear protection must be worn.

AVERTISSEMENT: Cette machine excède 85 dB et une protection de l'ouïe appropriée doit être portée.



WARNING: High pressure spray can cause paint chips or other particles to become airborne and fly at high speeds. To avoid personal injury, eye, hand and foot safety devices must be worn.

AVERTISSEMENT: Un jet haute pression peut écailler la peinture ou provoquer l'émission d'autres particules dans l'air et leur projec-

tion à hautes vitesses. Pour éviter les lésions corporelles, une protection des yeux, du visage, des mains et des pieds doit être portée lors de l'utilisation de cet équipement.

- 5. Eye, hand, and foot protection must be worn when using this equipment.
- 6. Keep operating area clear of all persons.

WARNING: Flammable liquids can create fumes which can ignite, causing property damage or severe injury.

AVERTISSEMENT: Des liquides inflammables peuvent produire des vapeurs qui peuvent s'enflammer, causant ainsi des dommages à la propriété ou des blessures graves.



WARNING

RISK OF FIRE.

DO NOT ADD FUEL

WHEN OPERATING MACHINE.

WARNING: Risk of explosion — Operate only where open flame or torch is permitted.

AVERTISSEMENT: Risque d'explosion- Utiliser uniquement dans des endroits où l'utilisation d'une flamme nue ou d'une torche est permise.

WARNING: Risk of fire — Do not add fuel when the product is operating or still hot.

AVERTISSEMENT: Risque d'incendie - Ne pas ajouter de carburant pendant que la machine fonctionner ou est encore chaude.

WARNING: Do not use gasoline crankcase draining or oil containing gasoline, solvents or

alcohol. Doing so will result in fire and/or explosion.

AVERTISSEMENT: Ne pas utiliser d'essence, de drainage du carter de moteur ou d'essence contenant de l'huile, de solvants ou de l'alcool. Agir de la sorte risquerait de créer un incendie et/

ou une explosion.

WARNING: Risk of fire — Do not spray flammable liquids.

AVERTISSEMENT: Risque d'incendie - Ne pas pulvériser de liquides inflammables.



- 7. On starting, make sure that the engine is as horizontal as possible and observe the following steps in running this pressure washer:
- a. become familiar with how to stop the engine;
- b. never start the engine in a closed space or where there is insufficient ventilation. Combustion creates carbon monoxide, an odorless and highly poisonous gas. Lengthy stays in places

- where the engine freely exhausts this gas can lead to unconsciousness and death;
- c. do not operate machine in places containing flammable materials, in explosive atmospheres, or where there is dust that can easily catch fire unless specific, adequate and clearly indicated precautions have been taken and have been certified for the machine.
- d. to prevent fire hazards, always keep the machine at least one meter from buildings or other machinery;
- e. fuel is flammable. The tank must only be filled when the engine is off. Thoroughly dry any spilled fuel and move the fuel container and any rags soaked in fuel or oil. Make sure that the ground or floor on which the machine is standing has not soaked up any fuel or oil;
- fully tighten the tank cap each time after refueling. Do not fill the tank to the top, but leave an adequate space for the fuel to expand;
- g. fuel vapor is highly toxic. Only refuel outdoors or in a well ventilated place;
- h. do not smoke or use flames when refueling;
- the engine must be started in compliance with the specific instructions in the operation manual of the engine and/or machine itself. Do not use auxiliary starting aids that were not installed on the original machine (e.g. Startpilot);
- j. before starting, remove any tools that were used to service the engine and/or machine.
 Make sure that all safety guards are in place;
- during operation, the surface of the engine can be dangerously hot. Avoid touching the exhaust system in particular;
- before proceeding with any operation on the engine, stop the engine and allow to cool.
 Never carry out any operation while the engine is running;
- m. the oil must be drained while the engine is hot. Particular care is required to prevent burns. Do not allow the oil to come into contact with the skin:
- make sure the drained oil, oil filter and the oil it contains are disposed of in the correct way in order to safeguard the environment;
- o. pay attention to the temperature of the oil filter when the filter itself is replaced;
- during operations that involve access to moving parts of this machine and/or removal of rotating guards, disconnect and insulate the positive wire of the battery to prevent accidental short-

circuits and to stop the starter motor from being energized;

q. only check belt tension when engine is off.

WARNING: Risk of injury. Disconnect battery ground terminal before servicing.

AVERTISSEMENT: Risque de blessures. Débrancher la borne de mise à la terre de la batterie avant de procéder à des opérations d'entretien.

- 8. When in use, do not place machine near flammable objects as the engine is hot.
- Oil burning appliances shall be installed only in locations where combustible dusts and flammable gases or vapors are not present. Do not store or use gasoline near this machine.
- 10. Use Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel fuel only. NEVER use gasoline in your diesel tank. Gasoline is more combustible than diesel and could result in a serious explosion. NEVER use crankcase or waste oil. Damage could result from contamination.
- 11. Do not confuse gasoline and diesel tanks. Keep proper fuel in proper tank.



WARNING: Risk of injury. Hot surfaces can cause burns. Use only designated gripping areas of spray gun and wand. Do not place hands or feet on non-insulated areas of the pressure washer.

AVERTISSEMENT: Risque de blessures. Les surfaces chaudes peuvent causer des brûlures.

Utiliser uniquement les zones de prise désignées du pistolet pulvérisateur et de la lance. Ne pas placer les mains ou les pieds sur des endroits non isolés de la laveuse à pression.

12. Transport/Repair with fuel tank EMPTY or with fuel shut-off valve OFF.



CAUTION: Hot discharge fluid. Do not touch or direct discharge stream at persons or animals.

ATTENTION: Liquide de décharge chaud. Ne pas toucher ou décharger directement le jet vers des personnes ou des animaux,

WARNING: This machine produces hot water and must have insulated components attached to protect the operator.

AVERTISSEMENT: Cette machine produit de l'eau chaude et doit comporter des composants isolés attachés pour protéger l'opérateur.

13. To reduce the risk of injury, close supervision is necessary when a machine is used near children. Do not allow children to operate the pressure washer. This machine must be attended during operation.



WARNING: Grip cleaning wand securely with both hands before starting. Failure to do this could result in injury from a whipping wand.

AVERTISSEMENT: Agripper la lance de nettoyage avec les deux mains avant de commencer. Le non-respect de cette consigne pourrait mener à des blessures

causées par le mouvement violent de la lance.

- 14. Never make adjustments on machine while in operation.
- 15. Be certain all quick coupler fittings are secured before using pressure washer.



WARNING: High pressure developed by these machines will cause personal injury or equipment damage. Keep clear of nozzle. Use caution when operating. Do not direct discharge stream at people or animals or severe injury or death will result.

VERTISSEMENT: La haute pression générée par ces

machines causera des lésions corporelles ou des dommages à l'équipement. Se tenir à l'écart de la buse. Faire preuve de prudence lors de l'utilisation. Ne pas décharger directement le jet vers des personnes ou des animaux, car cela risquerait de causer des blessures graves ou même la mort.



WARNING: Protect machine from freezing.

AVERTISSEMENT: Protéger la machine contre le gel.

16. To keep machine in best operating conditions, it is important you protect machine from freezing. Failure to protect machine from freezing could

cause malfunction of the machine and result in death, serious bodily injury, and/or property damage. Follow storage instructions specified in this manual.

17. Inlet water must be clean fresh water and no hotter then 90°F.



DANGER: Risk of asphyxiation. Use this product only in a well ventilated area.

DANGER: Risque d'asphyxie. Ne pas inhaler les vapeurs.

 Running this product indoors can result in death due to carbon monoxide, a poison gas you cannot see or smell. Never operate indoors, even if windows

and doors are open. Only use outdoors and far away from windows, doors and openings or vents.

- Manufacturer will not be liable for any changes made to our standard machines or any components not purchased from us.
- 20. The best insurance against an accident is precaution and knowledge of the machine.



WARNING: Be extremely careful when using a ladder, scaffolding or any other relatively unstable location. The cleaning area should have adequate slopes and drainage to reduce the possibility of a fall due to slippery surfaces.

AVERTISSEMENT: Faire preuve d'une extrême prudence au moment d'utiliser une échelle,

des échafaudages ou toute autre surface relativement instable. La zone de nettoyage doit avoir une pente et un drainage adéquats pour réduire la possibilité d'une chute due à une surface glissante

Do not allow acids, caustic or abrasive fluids to pass through the pump.

- 22. Never run pump dry or leave spray gun closed longer than 1-2 minutes.
- 23. Machines with shut-off spray gun should not be operated with the spray gun in the off position for extensive periods of time as this may cause damage to the pump.
- 24. Protect discharge hose from vehicle traffic and sharp objects. Inspect condition of high pressure hose before using or bodily injury may result.
- 25. Before disconnecting discharge hose from water outlet, turn burner off and open spray gun to allow water to cool below 100° before stopping the machine. Then open the spray gun to relieve pressure. Failure to properly cool down or maintain the heating coil may result in a steam explosion.
- 26. Do not overreach or stand on unstable support. Keep good footing and balance at all times.
- Do not operate this machine when fatigued or under the influence of alcohol, prescription medications, or drugs.

Laws Pertaining to Spark Arrestors

Notice: State Health Safety Codes and Public Resources Codes specify that in certain locations spark arrestors be used on internal combustion engines that use hydrocarbon fuels. A spark arrestor is a device designed to prevent accidental discharge of sparks or flames from the engine exhaust.

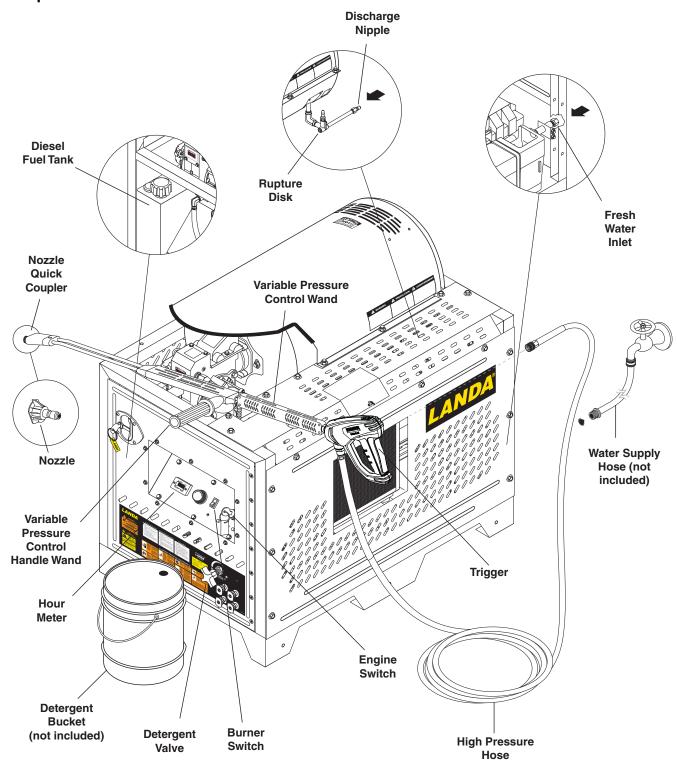
For users on U.S. Forest Land and in the states of California Maine, Oregon and Washington: All U.S. Forest Land and the state of California (Public Resources Codes 4442 and 4443), Oregon and Washington require, by law, that certain internal combustion engines operated on forest brush and/or grass-covered areas be equipped with a spark arrestor, maintained in effective working order or that the engine be constructed, equipped and maintained for the prevention of fire. Check with your state or local authorities for regulations pertaining to these requirements. Failure to follow these requirements could subject you to liability or a fine. This unit is factory designed to be equipped with a spark arrestor. If you require a spark arrestor, ask your LOCAL SERVICE DEALER to install:

Accessory Part # 8.919-989.0 Spark Arrestor Kit.

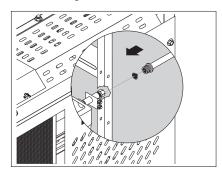


Follow the maintenance instructions specified in the manual.

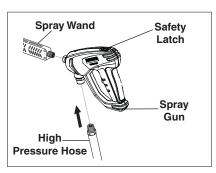
Component Identification



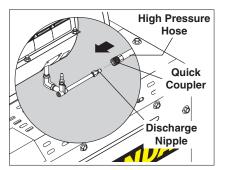
Assembly



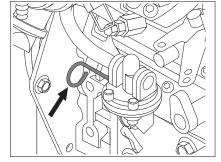
STEP 1: Attach a 5/8" water supply hose to inlet connector. Minimum flow should be 6 or 10 gpm depending on model of machine.



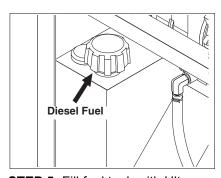
STEP 2: Attach wand to spray gun using teflon tape on threads to prevent leakage. Attach swivel connector on high pressure hose to spray gun using teflon tape on threads. Engage safety latch to prevent triggering gun when inserting high pressure nozzle.



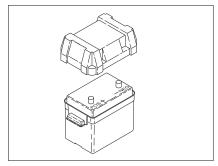
STEP 3: Attach high pressure hose to discharge nipple using quick coupler. Lock coupler securely into place by pulling back coupler collar and inserting it into discharge nipple, then pushing collar forward to lock in place.



STEP 4: Check engine and pump oil level by removing oil dipstick, making sure oil is on proper indicator marking. Use SAE 10W-30 or 15W-40 engine detergent oil for engine and SAE 10W-40 non-foaming oil for pumps.



STEP 5: Fill fuel tank with Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel fuel.



STEP 6: Install proper battery making sure that the red cable is attached to the positive terminal. Use a 12V Group 24 battery.

Battery Installation

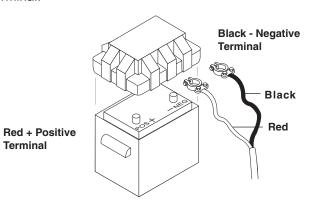
Due to Federal Regulations concerning shipment of corrosive chemicals, batteries are not shipped with this machine.

Local purchase of battery will be the responsibility of the owner. Automotive type 12 Volt Group 24

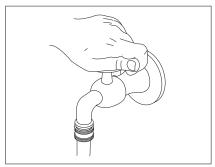


battery is recommended for placement within the weather resistant box. Follow safety and installation instructions furnished with the battery.

Red cable is attached to battery (+) positive terminal, black cable is connected to battery (-) negative terminal.

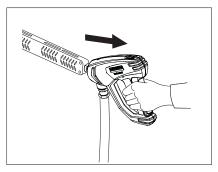


Operation

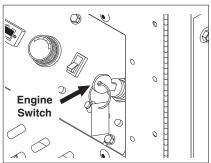


STEP 1: Read safety, installation and preventative maintenance instructions before starting machine. Connect the water supply hose to the inlet swivel connector and turn on water supply.

NOTE: Before installing pressure nozzle in wand coupler, run machine allowing water to flush through the system until clear.

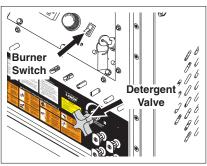


STEP 4: With the spray nozzle pointed away from you or anybody else, press the trigger on the spray gun to obtain pressurized cold water spray.



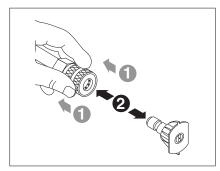
STEP 2: Read engine manual provided. Pull spray gun trigger to relieve pressure. Turn the engine switch to the START position and hold it there until the engine starts. NOTE: Do not engage the electric starter for more than five seconds

starter for more than five seconds at a time. If the engine fails to start, release the switch, pull spray gun trigger and wait ten seconds before operating the starter again. When the engine starts, allow the engine switch to return to the ON position.



STEP 5: For hot water, turn the burner switch to ON when a steady stream of water flows out of the spray gun. Burner will now light automatically.

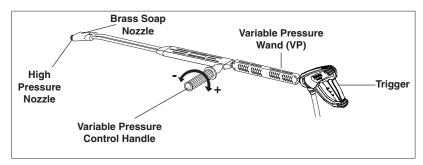
NOTE: Do not start machine with burner switch on.



STEP 3: Pull wand coupler collar back and insert desired pressure nozzle into wand coupler. Then secure by pushing coupler collar forward.

CAUTION: Never replace nozzles without engaging the safety latch on the spray gun trigger.

ATTENTION: Ne jamais remplacer les buses sans d'abord mettre le dispositif de sécurité sur la détente du pistolet pulvérisateur.



STEP 6: Selection of high or low pressure is accompanied by turning the handle.

NOTE: High pressure nozzle must be inserted at end of wand to obtain high pressure. Variable pressure control wand handle must be turned clockwise to enable water to flow out of the high pressure nozzle. To apply detergent, place detergent pick-up tube into a container of detergent and turn the detergent valve counterclockwise.

Detergents & General Cleaning Techniques



WARNING: Some detergents may be harmful if inhaled or ingested, causing severe nausea, fainting or poisoning. The harmful elements may cause property damage or severe injury.

AVERTISSEMENT: Certains détergents peuvent être dangereux s'ils

sont inhalés ou ingérés, provoquant de fortes nausées, des évanouissements et l'empoisonnement. Les éléments dangereux peuvent causer des dommages à la propriété ou des blessures graves

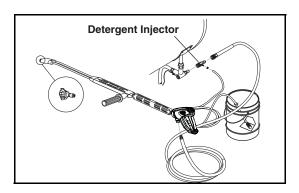


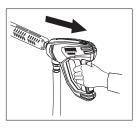
STEP 1: Use detergent designed specifically for pressure washers. Household detergents could damage the pump. Prepare detergent solution as required by the manufacturer. Fill a container with pressure washer detergent. Place the filter end of detergent suction tube into the detergent container.

STEP 2:

Downstream detergent injector option: Securely connect the downstream detergent injector onto the quick coupler nipple located at the discharge fitting between the 50ft high pressure hose. Place the filter end of detergent suction tube into the detergent container. Turn variable pressure control wand handle counterclockwise to lower pressure allowing detergent to flow through the brass soap nozzle inserted at end of wand at low pressure. Detergent is not injected into pump and heating coil using a downstream injector it will be mixed with water changing the concentration and dilution levels. (Downstream detergent injector does not operate at high pressure)

The option float tank with detergent valve: Place the filter end of detergent suction tube into the detergent container. Open detergent valve located on the front control panel by turning counterclockwise. Detergent will be applied under high pressure with this option. Detergent is drawn into machine and mixed with water changing the concentration and dilution ratio.





STEP 3: With the engine running, pull trigger to operate machine. Do not allow detergent to dry on surface. To rinse detergent turn variable pressure control wand handle clockwise for high pressure when using a detergent

injector. Turn control panel detergent valve clockwise until closed if using the float tank option.

IMPORTANT: You must flush the detergent injection system after each use by placing the suction tube into a bucket of clean water, then run the pressure washer in low pressure for 1-2 minutes.

Thermal Pump Protection

If you run your pressure washer for 3-5 minutes without pressing the trigger on the spray gun, circulating water in the pump can reach high temperatures. When the water reaches this temperature, the pump protector engages and cools the pump by discharging the warm water onto the ground. This thermal device prevents internal damage to the pump.

Cleaning Tips

Pre-rinse cleaning surface with fresh water. Place detergent suction tube directly into cleaning solution and apply to surface at low pressure (for best results, limit your work area to sections approximately 6 feet square and always apply detergent from bottom to top). Allow detergent to remain on surface 1-3 minutes. Do not allow detergent to dry on surface. If surface appears to be drying, simply wet down surface with fresh water. If needed, use brush to remove stubborn dirt. Rinse at high pressure from top to bottom in an even sweeping motion keeping the spray nozzle approximately 1 foot from cleaning surface. Use overlapping strokes as you clean and rinse any surface. For best surface cleaning action spray at a slight angle.

Recommendations:

- Before cleaning any surface, an inconspicuous area should be cleaned to test spray pattern and distance for maximum cleaning results.
- If painted surfaces are peeling or chipping, use extreme caution as pressure washer may remove the loose paint from the surface.
- Keep the spray nozzle a safe distance from the surface you plan to clean. High pressure wash a small area, then check the surface for damage. If no damage is found, continue to pressure washing.



CAUTION - Never use:

- Bleach, chlorine products and other corrosive chemicals
- Liquids containing solvents (i.e., paint thinner, gasoline, oils)
- · Tri-sodium phosphate products

Ammonia products or acid-based products

Ne jamais utiliser :

- Eau de Javel, produits à base de chlore et autres produits chimiques corrosifs
- Liquides contenant des solvants (c.-à-d. diluant à peinture, essence, huiles, etc.)
- Produits à base de tripolyphosphate de sodium
- · Ammoniac ou produits à base d'acide

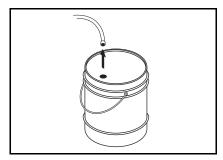
These chemicals will harm the machine and will damage the surface being cleaned.

Rinsina

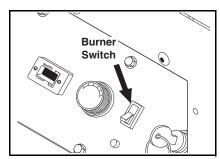
It will take a few seconds for the detergent to clear. Apply safety latch to spray gun. Remove black soap nozzle from the quick coupler. Select and install the desired high pressure nozzle.

NOTE: You can also stop detergent from flowing by simply removing detergent siphon tube from bottle.

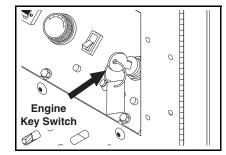
Shutting Down & Clean-Up



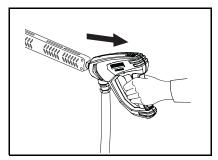
STEP 1: Remove detergent suction tube from container and insert into one (1) gallon of fresh water. Pull trigger on spray gun and siphon water for one minute.



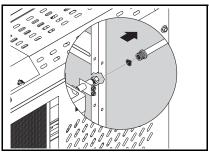
STEP 2: Turn burner switch off and continue spraying, allowing the water to cool to below 100°F.



STEP 3: Turn engine key switch off and turn off water.



STEP 4: Squeeze trigger on spray gun to relieve remaining pressure.



STEP 5: Remove water supply hose.

Storage

CAUTION: Always store your pressure washer in a location where the temperature will not fall below 32°F (0°C). The pump in this machine is susceptible to permanent damage if frozen. FREEZE DAMAGE IS NOT COVERED BY WARRANTY.

ATTENTION: Toujours entreposer la laveuse à pression dans un endroit où la température ne sera pas inférieure à 32°C (0°F). La pompe sur cette machine est susceptible de subir des dommages si elle est exposée au gel. LES DOMMAGES DUS AU GEL NE SONT PAS COUVERTS PAR LA GARANTIE.

- Stop the pressure washer, squeeze spray gun trigger to release pressure.
- 2. Detach water supply hose and high pressure hose.
- Turn on the machine for a few seconds, until remaining water exits. Turn engine off immediately.
- 4. Drain the fuel and oil from the engine.
- 5. Do not allow high pressure hose to become kinked.
- 6. Store the machine and accessories in a room which does not reach freezing temperatures.

CAUTION: Failure to follow the above directions will result in damage to your pressure washer.

ATTENTION: Le non-respect des directives cidessus entraînera des dommages à la laveuse à pression.

When pressure washer is not being operated or is being stored for more than one month, follow these instructions:

- 1. Replenish engine oil to upper level.
- 2. Drain fuel from fuel tank, fuel line, and fuel valve.
- Cover pressure washer and store in a clean, dry place that is well ventilated away from open flame or sparks.

After Extended Storage



CAUTION: Prior to restarting, thaw out any possible ice from pressure washer hoses, spray gun or wand.

ATTENTION: Avant de redémarrer, faire fondre la glace se trouvant sur les boyaux, le pistolet pulvérisateur ou la lance de la laveuse à pression.

Maintenance & Service

- Check to see that water pump is properly lubricated.
- 2. Follow winterizing instructions to prevent freeze damage to pump and coils.
- Always neutralize and flush detergent from system after use.
- If water is known to be high in mineral content, use a water softener on your water system, or de-scale as needed.
- 5. Do not allow acidic, caustic or abrasive fluids to be pumped through system.
- 6. Always use high grade quality cleaning products.
- 7. Never run pump dry for extended periods of time.
- Use clean fuel-kerosene, No. 1 fuel oil, or diesel. Clean or replace fuel filter every 100 hours of operation. Avoid water contaminated fuel as it will damage the fuel pump.
- 9. If machine is operated with smoky or eye burning exhaust, coils will soot up, not letting water reach maximum operating temperature.
- Never allow water to be sprayed on or near the engine or burner assembly or any electrical component.
- 11. Periodically descale coils as per instructions.
- 12. Check to see that engine is properly lubricated.

It is advisable, periodically, to visually inspect the burner. Check air inlet to make sure it is not clogged or blocked. Wipe off any oil spills and keep equipment clean and dry.

The flow of combustion and ventilating air to the burner must not be blocked or obstructed in any manner.

The area around the Landa washer should be kept clean and free of combustible materials, gasoline and other flammable vapors and liquids.

Unloader Valves

Unloader valves are preset and tested at the factory before shipping. Tampering with the factory setting may cause personal injury and/or property damage, and will void the manufacturers warranty.

Winterizing Procedure:

Damage due to freezing is not covered by warranty. Adhere to the following cold weather procedures whenever the washer must be stored or operated outdoors under freezing conditions.

During winter months, when temperatures drop below 32°F, protecting your machine against freezing is necessary. Store the machine in a heated room. If this is not possible then mix a 50/50 solution of anti-freeze and water in the float tank. Turn the engine on to siphon the anti-freeze mixture through the machine. If compressed air is available, an air fitting can be screwed into the float tank by removing the float tank strainer and fitting. Then inject the compressed air. Water will be blown out of the machine when the trigger on the spray gun is opened.

High Limit Hot Water Thermostat:

For safety, each machine is equipped with a temperature sensitive high limit control switch. In the event that the water should exceed its operating temperature, the high limit control will turn the burner off until the water cools then automatically reset itself. The thermostat sensor is located on the discharge side of the heating coil. The thermostat control dial is located on the control panel.

Pumps

Use only SAE 10W-40 weight non-foaming oil. Change oil after first 50 hours of use. Thereafter, change oil every year or at 500 hour intervals. Oil level should be checked through use of dipstick found on top of pump, or the red dot visible through the oil gauge window. Oil should be maintained at that level.

Cleaning of Coils

In alkaline water areas, lime deposits can accumulate rapidly inside the heating coil. This growth is increased by the extreme heat build up in the coil. The best preventative for liming conditions is to use high quality cleaning detergents. In areas where alkaline water is an extreme problem, periodic use of Landa Descaling Powder (Part #8.914-296.0) will remove lime and other deposits before coil becomes plugged.

Periodic descaling of the heating coil is recommended so please consult your local Landa Dealer for instructions.

Removal of Soot and Heating Coil:

In the heating process, fuel residue in the form of soot deposits may develop between the heating coil pipe and block air flow which will affect burner combustion. When soot has been detected on visual observation, the soot on the coil must be washed off after following the coil removal steps (See Coil Removal page).

Rupture Disk

If pressure from pump or thermal expansion should exceed safe limits, the rupture disk will burst allowing high pressure to be discharged through hose to ground. When the disk ruptures it will need to be replaced. Torque new rupture disk to 35 ft. lbs.

Fuel

CAUTION: Use Ultra Low Sulfur Fuel only.

ATTENTION: Utiliser du carburant à faible teneur en soufre seulement.

Diesel fuel must be clean, fresh, meet fuel specifications and be sourced from a known and reputable supplier. Clean, fresh and properly specified diesel fuel will provide assurances of maximum engine performance and maximum fuel injection system longevity. The use of out-of-spec, dirty or questionable quality diesel fuel will result in engine performance and start ability problems as well as reductions in engine and fuel injection system life.

Use clean fuel oil that is not contaminated with water and debris. Replace fuel filter and drain tank every 100 hours of operation.

Fuel Control System

This machine utilizes a fuel solenoid valve located on the fuel pump to control the flow of fuel to the combustion chamber. The solenoid, which is normally closed, is activated by a flow switch when water flows through it. When the operator releases the trigger on the spray gun, the flow of water through the flow switch stops, turning off the electrical current to the fuel solenoid.

The solenoid then closes, shutting off the supply of fuel to the combustion chamber. Controlling the flow of fuel in this way gives an instantaneous burn-or-no-burn situation, thereby eliminating high and low water temperatures and the combustion smoke normally associated with machines incorporating a spray gun. Periodic inspection, to insure that the fuel solenoid valve functions properly, is recommended. This can be done by operating the machine and checking to see that the burner is not firing when the spray gun is in the OFF position.

Fuel Quality / Storage

No. 1 and No. 2 diesel fuel degrades with time. No. 2 diesel fuel has a storage life of approximately one (1) year. No. 1 diesel fuel has a maximum storage life of two (2) years. Further, storage of diesel fuel in contaminated storage tanks can lead to excessive impurities within the stored fuel. As such, aged or contaminated diesel fuel should not be used. Aside from the specifications listed above, fuel measured to have total insolubles > 1 mg/100mg, organic material > 1 mg/100 ml or rust/mineral matter > 2mg/ml should not be consumed in diesel engines.

Fuel Grade/Type	Comments			
No. 2 Diesel Fuel (DF2)	Recommended fuel type			
No. 2-DS15	for normal ambient			
No. 2-0313	operation			
No. 1 Diesel Fuel (DF1)	Recommended fuel type			
No. 1-D S15	for cold weather operation			
10.12010	in ambients which would			
	result in DF2 "waxing". No			
	degradation in perfor-			
	mance or engine/			
	component life.			
JP 4 Turbine Fuel	Not recommended. JP4			
	should be used only in			
	emergency situations. JP			
	4 severely reduces engine			
	life and potential power			
	due to the lack of lubricity			
	as compared to DF2.			
Fuel Grade/Type	Comments			
JP 8 Turbine Fuel	5-12% reduction in power			
	and up to 30% reduction in			
	fuel system component			
	and cylinder life.			
JP 5 Turbine Fuel	Refer to JP 8			
DF A Arctic	Acceptable fuel for use in			
	sub-zero ambients only.			

Component failure that can be directly attributed to the use of fuels other than those recommended cannot be covered under warranty.

Fuel Pressure Adjustment:

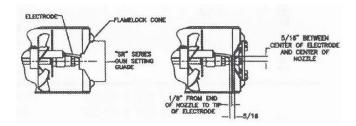
To adjust fuel pressure, First install a pressure gage into the port just after the pump fuel exit. Turn the adjusting screw (located at the regulator port) clockwise to increase, and counterclockwise to decrease. Do not exceed 200 psi or lower the pressure below 130 PSI, when checked at the post-pump pressure port.

The fuel pressure may need to be adjusted due to altitude. For every 500 ft altitude above sea level, the boiling point of water goes down 1 °F. At high altitude environments, this boiling point change may require the heat input to be lowered so the water input does not turn to steam earlier than at the factory settings and activate the pressure sensors and pressure relief equipment when the unit is operated and much higher altitudes from factory settings or local dealer site settings. Check with your dealer before making local site fuel pressure adjustments.

Also, as ambient temperature changes seasonally, the fuel temperature in the feed tank and air temperature inlet can impact fuel flow. In more extreme temperatures, this local-site adjustment may also require different fuel nozzles for fuel inlet temperatures that are at seasonal extremes (higher or lower) in locations where the temperature changes are beyond moderate temperatures of between 40°F and 90°F. Colder temperatures will make for a thicker flow and less fine a fuel spray while hotter temperatures will make for a thinner flow a more fine spray with the same nozzle. Consider alternate nozzle configurations from the baseline factory-supplied nozzle for operating in such temperature extremes if performance is not meeting needs with air band and fuel pressure settings alone.

NOTE: When changing fuel pump, a bypass plug must be installed in return port or fuel pump will not prime.

Electrode Settings



SR-Series gage KNA Part Number 8.717-379.0

Burner Nozzle:

Keep the tip free of surface deposits by wiping it with a clean, solvent saturated cloth, being careful not to plug or enlarge the nozzle. For maximum efficiency, replace the nozzle each season.

Wayne Oil Burner

Burner Air Adjustment: The oil burner on this machine is preset for operation at altitudes below 500 feet. If operated at higher altitudes, it may be necessary to adjust the air band for a #1 or #2 smoke spot on the Bacharach scale.

To adjust, start machine and turn burner ON. Loosen two locking screws found on the air band and close air band until black smoke appears from burner exhaust vent. Note air band position. Next, slowly open the air band until white smoke just starts to appear. Turn air band halfway back to the previously noted position. Tighten locking screws.

For higher altitudes, the air band opening may need to be increased; for lower altitude, the .air band may need to be decreased.

For higher humidity, the air band opening may need to be increased; for lower relative humidity, the .air band may need to be decreased.

For higher ambient temperatures the air band opening may need to be increased; for lower ambient temperatures, the air band opening may need to be decreased.

Adjust to your operating location's environment asneeded for best smoke spot and performance compliant with local, state, and federal regulations.

Burner Air Adjustment

CAUTION: If white smoke appears from burner exhaust vent during start-up or operation, discontinue use and readjust air bands.

ATTTENTION: Si de la fumée blanche s'échappe de l'évacuation du brûleur pendant le démarrage ou le fonctionnement, cesser d'utiliser et réajuster les bandes d'air.

NOTE: If a flue is installed, have a professional serviceman adjust your burner for a #1 or #2 smoke spot on the Bacharach scale.

Coil Removal:

- 1. Removal of coil because of freeze breakage, or to clean soot from it can be done quickly and easily.
- 2. Disconnect hose from pump to inlet side of the coil.
- 3. Carefully disconnect the thermostat sensor making sure you do not crimp the capillary tube.
- 4. Remove burner assembly from combustion chamber.
- 5. Remove the 3-3/8" bolts from each side of coil and tank assembly (these bolts are used to fasten tank to chassis).
- 6. Remove fittings connected to the 1/2" pipe nipples from inlet and discharge sides of coil.
- 7. Remove top tank wrap, bend back insulation tabs and fold back blanket.
- 8. Remove bolts that hold down coil to bottom wrap.
- 9. Remove coil.
- Replace or repair any insulation found to be torn or broken.
- 11. Remove insulation retainer plates.

Coil Reinstallation:

To reinstall new or cleaned coil, reverse steps 9 through 1.

Troubleshooting

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SOLUTION				
LOW OPERATING	Faulty pressure gauge	Install new gauge.				
PRESSURE	Insufficient water supply	Use larger supply hose; clean filter at water inlet.				
	Old, worn or incorrect spray nozzle	Match nozzle number to machine and/or replace with new nozzle.				
	Belt slippage	Tighten or replace; use correct belt.				
	Plumbing or hose leak	Check plumbing system for leaks. Re-tape leaks with teflon tape.				
	Faulty or mis-adjusted unloader valve	Adjust unloader for proper pressure. Install repair kit when needed.				
	Worn packing in pump	Install new packing kit.				
	Fouled or dirty inlet or discharge valves in pump	Clean inlet and discharge valves.				
	Worn inlet or discharge valves	Replace with valve kit.				
	Obstruction in spray nozzle	Remove obstruction.				
	Leaking pressure control valve	Rebuild or replace as needed.				
	Slow engine RPM	Set engine speed at proper specifications.				
	Pump sucking air	Check water supply and possibility of air seepage.				
		Check and clean or replace if necessary.				
	Unloader valve seat faulty	Check and replace if necessary.				
		Fill tank with fuel.				
NOT LIGHT	Improper fuel or water in fuel	Drain fuel tank and fill with proper fuel.				
	Clogged fuel line	Clean or replace.				
	Plugged fuel filter	Replace as needed.				
Mis-adjusted burner air bands F		Readjust air bands for clean burn.				
	Little or no fuel pressure from fuel pump	Increase fuel pressure to specification and/or replace fuel pump. Test with pressure gauge.				
	Faulty burner transformer	Test transformer for proper arc between contacts. Replace as needed.				
	Disconnected or short in electrical wiring	All wire contacts should be clean and tight. No breaks in wire.				
	Flex coupling slipping on fuel pump shaft or burner motor shaft	Replace if needed.				
	On-Off switch defective	Check for electrical current reaching burner assembly with burner switch on.				
(continued on next page)	Heavy sooting on coil and burner can cause interruption of air flow and shorting of electrodes	Clean as required.				

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SOLUTION
BURNER WILL NOT LIGHT	Improper electrode setting	Check and reset according to diagram in Operator's Manual.
(continued from previous page)	Fuel not reaching combustion chamber	Check fuel pump for proper flow. Check solenoid flow switch on machines with spray gun control, for proper on-off fuel flow control.
	Clogged burner nozzle	Clean as required.
	Thermostat faulty or slow engine speed	Increase engine RPM to increase voltage.
	Flow switch malfunction	Remove, test for continuity and replace as needed.
	Flow solenoid malfunction	Replace if needed.
FLUCTUATING	Valves worn	Check and replace if necessary.
PRESSURE	Blockage in valve	Check and replace if necessary.
	Pump sucking air	Check water supply and air seepage at joints in suction line.
	Worn piston packing	Check and replace if necessary.
	Engine altitude	The engine is preset for operation at altitudes below 1000 feet above sea level. If operated at higher altitudes, it may be necessary to contact your local authorized engine sales and service center for details.
MACHINE SMOKES WHILE	Improper fuel or water in fuel	Drain tank and replace contaminated fuel.
BURNER UNIT IS	Improper air adjustment	Readjust air bands on burner assembly.
RUNNING OR UNIT SMOKES AT COLD-START	Fuel pressure is low <140 psi for burner	Adjust fuel pump pressure to specifications.
ONLY WHEN BURNER IS OFF	Plugged or dirty burner nozzle	Replace nozzle Check parts breakdown for nozzle size.
	Faulty burner nozzle spray pattern	Replace nozzle Check parts breakdown for nozzle size
	Coil and burner assembly have heavy accumulation of soot	Remove coils and burner assembly, clean thoroughly Call local dealer.
	Misaligned electrode setting	Realign electrodes to specifications.
	Smoke stack has obstruction	Check for insulation blockage or other foreign objects.
	Engine RPM is low	Increase RPM to correct specs. See serial plate.
	Fuel Pressure is too high for clean burn (fuel PSI above >140 and below 200) and smokes when burner is off	Reduce fuel pressure PSI/Increase air band set for cleaner without max water heat loss

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SOLUTION				
LOW WATER	Improper fuel or water in fuel	Replace with clean and proper fuel.				
TEMPERATURE	Low fuel pressure	Increase fuel pressure.				
	Weak fuel pump	Check fuel pump pressure. Replace pump if needed.				
	Fuel filter partially clogged	Replace as needed.				
	Soot build-up on coils not allowing heat transfer	Clean coils.				
	Improper burner nozzle	Contact your local Landa Dealer.				
WATER TEMPERATURE	Incoming water to machine warm or hot	Lower incoming water temperature.				
тоо нот	Fuel pump pressure too high	See specifications for proper fuel pressure.				
	Fuel pump defective	Replace fuel pump.				
	Detergent line sucking air	Tighten all clamps. Check detergent lines for holes				
	Defective temperature switch	Replace.				
	Incorrect fuel nozzle size	Contact your local Landa Dealer.				
	Insufficient water supplied	Check water G.P.M. to machine.				
	Restricted water flow	Check nozzle for obstruction, proper size.				
PUMP NOISY	Air in suction line	Check water supply and connections on suction line.				
	Broken or weak inlet or discharge valve springs	Check and replace if necessary.				
	Excessive matter in valves	Check and clean if necessary.				
	Worn bearings	Check and replace if necessary.				
PRESENCE OF	Oil seal worn	Check and replace if necessary.				
WATER IN OIL	High humidity in air	Check and change oil twice as often.				
WATER DRIPPING	Piston packing worn	Check and replace if necessary.				
FROM UNDER	O-Ring plunger retainer worn	Check and replace if necessary.				
PUMP	Cracked piston	Check and replace if necessary.				
	Pump protector	Lower water supply pressure. Do not run with spray gun closed longer than 2 minutes.				

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SOLUTION
OIL DRIPPING	Oil seal worn	Check and replace if necessary.
EXCESSIVE VIBRATION IN DELIVERY LINE	Irregular functioning of the valves	Check and replace if necessary.
DETERGENT	Air leak	Tighten all clamps. Check detergent lines for holes.
NOT DRAWING	Restrictor in float tank is missing	Replace restrictor. Check for proper orifice in restrictor.
	Filter screen on detergent suction hose plugged	Clean or replace.
	Dried up detergent plugging metering valve	Disassemble and clean thoroughly
	High viscosity of detergent	Dilute detergent to specifications.
	Hole in detergent line(s)	Repair hole.
	Low detergent level	Add detergent, if needed.
PUMP RUNNING Pump sucking air		Check water supply and possibility of air seepage.
NORMALLY	Valves sticking	Check and clean or replace if necessary.
BUT PRESSURE LOW ON INSTALLATION Nozzle incorrectly sized		Check and replace if necessary (See serial plate for proper size).
	Unloader valve seat faulty	Check and replace if necessary.
	Worn piston packing	Check and replace if necessary.
BURNER MOTOR	Fuel pump seized	Replace fuel pump.
WILL NOT RUN	Burner fan loose or misaligned	Position correctly, tighten set screw.
	Defective control switch	Replace switch.
	Loose wire	Check and replace or tighten wiring.
	Defective burner motor	Replace motor.
RELIEF VALVE LEAKS WATER	Relief valve defective	Replace or repair.

Engine Troubleshooting

							SYM	PTON	1					
POSSIBLE CAUSES		Engine does not start	Engine starts but stops	Poor acceleration	Unsteady RPM	Black smoke	White smoke	Blue smoke	Low oil pressure	Oil level rising	Excessive oil consumption	Wet exhaust	Overheating	Engine knocks
Low fuel level		Х	Х		Х									
Fuel supply/return lines clogged		Х	Х	Х	Х									
Clogged fuel tank vent			Χ		Х									
Fuel pump faulty		Х	Χ							Х				
Fuel entrained with air		Χ	Χ	Χ	Х									
Unit injector(s) faulty/worn		Χ		Χ	Х	Х	Х			Х		Х		
Unit injector settings incorrect		Х		Х		Х	Х					Х	Х	Χ
Injection pump rack sticking		Х		Х	Х									
Oil level too high				Х	Х	Х		Х				Х	Х	Х
Improper oil viscosity									1		Х	Х	Х	
Oil diluted by fuel									Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Oil pressure relief valve faulty									Х					
Oil pick-up tube clogged									Х					
Oil pump air entrained at pick-up tube									Х					
Glow plugs faulty		Х					Х							
Glow plug controller faulty		X												
Glow plug relay inoperable		X												
Starter defective	Х													
Battery voltage too low	X													
Battery-cable connections corroded	X													
Key switch defective	X													
Air filter clogged		Х		Х	Х	Х					Х	Х	Х	
Excessive idle/light load operation							X	Х			X	X		
Incomplete engine run-in								X			X	X		
Engine overload		X	Х	Х	Х	Х					X		Х	
Excessive parasitic load	Х	X	^		^	X			1		^		^	
Valve lash insufficient/excessive	^	X				^	X	X						Х
		X					X	X			X			X
Injection timing out of spec-advanced		X		Х		X	^	^			^			^
Injection timing out of spec-retarded		_ ^		^		_ ^								
Governor linkage adjustment incorrect		Х	Х	Х	Х									
Governor spring fatigued or defective		Х		Х	Х									
Idle rpm too low		Х	Х											
Piston rings worn or stuck		Х					Х	Х			Х	Х		
Piston worn or damaged		Х					Х	Х			Х	Х	Х	Х
Cylinders worn or damaged		Х					Х	Х			Х	Х	Х	Χ
Valve(s) guide(s) worn		Х					Х	Х			Х	Х		
Valves sticking		Х	Х	Х	Х		Х				Х	Х		
Bearings (main/road) worn									Х				Х	Х
Governor linkage malfunction		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х								
Cylinder head gasket damaged		Х					Х						Х	
Thermostat stuck or malfunctioning													Х	
Engine seized	Х													
Radiator clogged (external or internal)													Х	
Coolant pump faulty													Х	
Turbocharger faulty		<u> </u>		Х	Х	Х	1	Х	1	1	Х	Х	Х	
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Preventative Maintenance

Maintenance Schedule						
Pump Oil (Non-foaming)	Inspect	Oil level daily				
SAE 10W-40	Change	After first 50 hours, then every 500 hours or annually				
Replace High Pressure Nozzle		Every 6 months				
Replace Quick Connects		Annually				
Clean Water Screen/Filter		Weekly				
Replace HP Hose		Annually				

Check pump oil level before first use of your new Power Washer. Change pump oil after first 50 hours and every year or 500 hours thereafter.

The following is the basic maintenance information for the Kubota engine:

Kubota Engine Maintenance Schedule							
Engine Oil SAE 10W-30		Inspect	Oil level daily				
API CF i	rating Cj-4	Oil & Filter Change	After first 50 hours, then every 200 hours				
Lubrication			SAE Multi-Purpose Type Grease				
Air Cleaner Elen	nent		Clean every 100 hours				
Radiator Screen			Clean every 50 hours				
Fuel Filter			Replace every 300 hour				

NOTE: Read Kubota engine manual for any maintenance or service questions.

Oil Change Record.

PUMP OIL Date Changed Month/Day/Year	Estimated Operating Hours Since Last Oil Change

ENGINE OIL Date Changed Month/Day/Year	Estimated Operating Hours Since Last Oil Change



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